

# **Our never ending tech and career growth paths**

**How much is enough?**

# Agenda

<b>Intro</b>	<b>2 min</b>
<b>The tutorial problem</b>	<b>5 min</b>
<b>Docker example</b>	<b>10 min</b>
<b>Summary &amp; more questions</b>	<b>15 min</b>

# **01** **Intro**

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Who am I, what's our mission, session format



— 01 Intro

**Who am I?**

**& why should you listen to me?**

Tess Barnes ... She / her

Lead Software Engineer (10+ years)

Mentor, Tech Coach

Mother of Awkward Questions

Image: mugshot of the presenter, smiling at the camera

## — 01 Intro

### Our mission...

Through the medium of docker we will:

- explore how to survey the problem landscape
- where to start
- when we should measure value
- how big a leap to take
- (and most importantly) when to stop

Image: two colleagues walk side by side in the same direction; one points the way forward



## — 01 Intro

### Session format...

- Interactive
- We will not be done
- Time boxed



Image: two colleagues walk side by side in the same direction;  
one points the way forward

## **02 The tutorial problem**

# How to draw an Owl

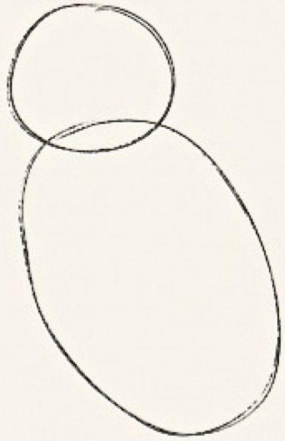


Fig 1. Draw two circles



Fig 2. Draw the rest of the Owl

— 02 The tutorial problem

## How to draw an owl

What is the problem?

Image: [tweet](#) by Mike Rother - meme, first part is two circles, second part is a detailed pencil sketch of an owl;



# How to draw an Owl

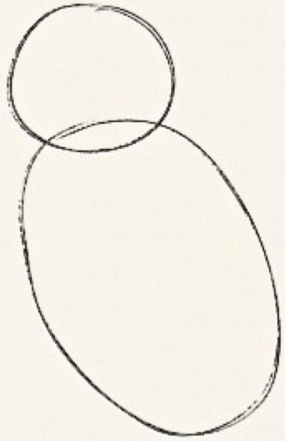


Fig 1. Draw two circles



Fig 2. Draw the rest of the Owl

— 02 The tutorial problem

## How to draw an owl

What is the problem?

The Lean community is {...} starting to embrace the idea of "practice." That's good, but unless you have an experienced coach, without some starter practice routines (aka "Starter Kata") it's still like the 'how to draw an owl' meme.

Image: [tweet](#) by Mike Rother - meme, first part is two circles, second part is a detailed pencil sketch of an owl;

# Why is it a problem?

- We learn better just outside our comfort zone, but not so far outside we panic
- We learn better in small steps
- There's no idea of direction

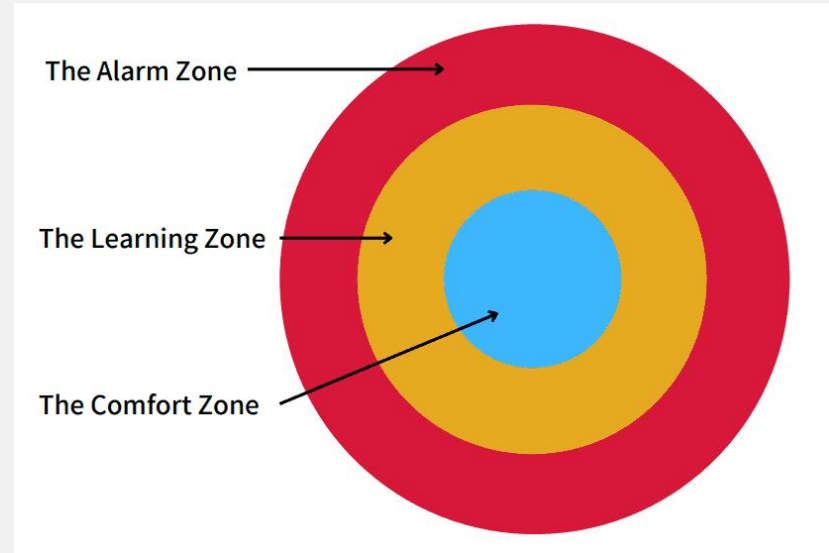


Image: Representation of the Learning Zone model by Maxwell J Smith: target showing three overlaid rings of decreasing size. Innermost right is comfort zone, outer ring is the alarm zone, mid ring is the learning zone - that goldilocks spot...

# How to draw an owl

How did tech end up in this situation?



Image: illustration of two hands with a magnifying glass examining a blank mini landscape with flags

# How to draw an owl

How did tech end up in this situation?

The internet has developed like this for many reasons:

- teaching takes work,
- tools are created before all of their uses are known
- learning can be more fun when it's curious and experimental.

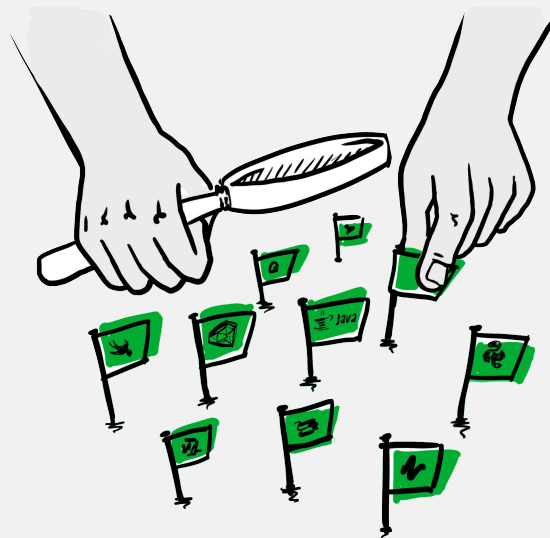


Image: illustration of two hands with a magnifying glass examining a blank mini landscape with flags

# What's missing?

- A choice of how to measure “done”.
- When does this work?
- When is it right?
- Does it have to be right or does it just need to be better than it was before?
- How much do we have to see of the picture to start?

Reminder: Enough is a choice

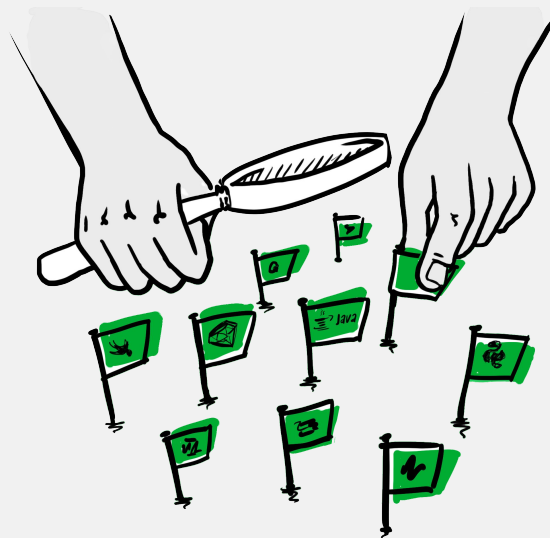


Image: illustration of two hands with a magnifying glass examining a blank mini landscape with flags

# What's a solution?

Improve, pause, improve again

Pause != settle, pause != done

Pause = take stock: celebrate the value, check our direction against our goal, is our goal still valuable to us, look for the next step

We are never done.

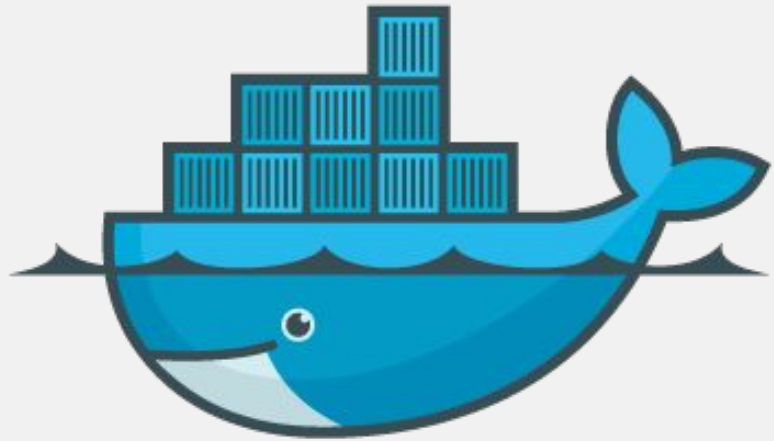


Image: illustration of lit lightbulb

# **03 Docker example**

# **What are (docker) containers?**





docker

**Containers: self contained spaces to run a process, app, job**

**Docker: most prevalent mechanism to create and control them**

Image: docker logo - cartoon of whale below the waterline supporting a stack of shipping containers above the waterline

### — 03 Docker example

## Docker ecosystem

Configuration, creation and deployment:



## — 03 Docker example

### **Docker ecosystem**

Dockerfile defines, configures & loads



**Let's start...**

## — 03 Docker example

### **Principle:**

Using base images

### **Improves:**

Image is too big; takes too long to download  
or spin up new containers

Image Everest base camp.





## — 03 Docker example

### **Base images**

Build in ONLY what you need

Mostly linux

Different flavours, os + primary language

Fully featured < — > skinny

Ruby: Before: ~366mb

Image: Everest base camp



— 03 Docker example

## Base images

Ruby (Alpine) version

After: < 41mb

Image: Everest base camp

# Pause



## — 03 Docker example

### Principle:

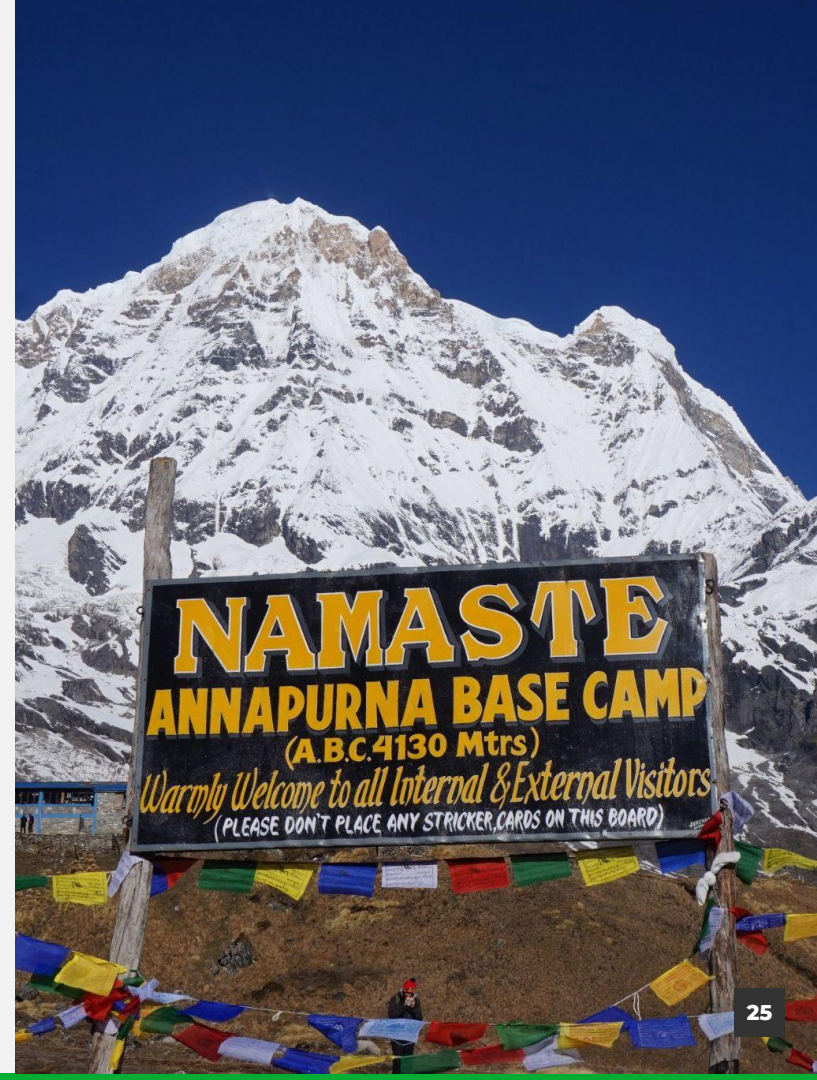
Custom base images

### Improves:

Making changes in many places;

Dockerfile changes take too long to rebuild

Image Annapurna base camp sign.



```

1 FROM ruby:3-alpine3.19
2 ARG ARCH
3
4 # Check Ruby and Bundler versions
5 RUN ruby -v \
6     && bundle -v
7
8 # Additional libraries
9 RUN apk add --no-cache alpine-sdk libmagic \
10     nodejs npm postgresql-dev jq \
11     python3 py3-pip chromium \
12     chromium-chromedriver aws-cli
13
14 RUN apk -U upgrade
15
16 # NPM
17 RUN npm i -g npm@9
18
19 # Install serverless framework
20 RUN npm install -g serverless@3
21
22 # Install Dockerize - no release available for alpine on arm arch
23 ENV DOCKERIZE_VERSION v0.7.0
24 RUN curl -L "https://github.com/jwilder/dockerize/releases/download/${DOCKER
25     -o "/tmp/dockerize-alpine-linux-amd64-${DOCKERIZE_VERSION}.tar.gz" \
26     && tar -C /usr/bin/ -xzf "/tmp/dockerize-alpine-linux-amd64-${DOCKERIZE
27     && rm "/tmp/dockerize-alpine-linux-amd64-${DOCKERIZE_VERSION}.tar.gz"
28
29 # Dir ready to copy tests across
30 RUN mkdir /tests
31 WORKDIR /tests
32
33 ENV GEM_HOME="/usr/local/bundle"
34 ENV PATH $GEM_HOME/bin:$GEM_HOME/gems/bin:$PATH
35
36 # Corrects weak file permissions
37 COPY ./entrypoint.sh entrypoint.sh
38
39 ENTRYPOINT [" /entrypoint.sh"]

```

## — 03 Docker example

### Custom base images

Build common things separately

Likely needs your own registry

(not docker hub)

Multiple files ~ 57+ lines long

App image rebuild time same each time

(300+secs)

Image example dockerfile listing for custom testing  
base image extending ruby:3-alpine.



— 03 Docker example

## Custom base images

Custom version

Lines: 39

Time to build and publish (common): 120s

App image rebuild time (per app): 180s

Image Annapurna base camp sign.

# Pause

— 03 Docker example

**Principle:**

Layers

**Improves:**

Rebuild time

Image: a [layer cake](#) with slice removed to show layers



## — 03 Docker example

### Layers done badly

```
FROM custom.registry/custom-base-image:latest

RUN apk update

# Selectively copy the tests to the image's working directory
COPY tests/ /tests/
COPY Rakefile /tests/
COPY entrypoint.sh /usr/local/bin/

# Install gems
COPY Gemfile Gemfile.lock ./
RUN bundle install

ENTRYPOINT [ "/usr/local/bin/entrypoint.sh" ]
```

Copy across app files or test files  
(these change frequently)

Install dependencies  
(these change infrequently)

**All** layers after changes detected will be rebuilt

Image example dockerfile listing with layers in bad order.

### — 03 Docker example

## Layers done well

```
FROM custom.registry/custom-base-image:latest

RUN apk update

# Install gems
COPY Gemfile Gemfile.lock ./
RUN bundle install

# Selectively copy the tests to the image's working directory
COPY tests/ /tests/
COPY Rakefile /tests/
COPY entrypoint.sh /usr/local/bin/

ENTRYPOINT [ "/usr/local/bin/entrypoint.sh" ]
```

Most changeable layers built last

No need to install all those gems again!

Reduction in rebuild time: ~70s

Image example dockerfile listing with layers in better order.

### — 03 Docker example

## Layers done even better

```
# NPM
RUN npm i -g npm@9

# Install serverless framework
RUN npm install -g serverless@3
```

Fewer layers, less overall size

Reduction in rebuild time: ~70s

Using: `RUN npx i -g npm@9 serverless@3`

Or: `RUN npx i -g npm@9 && npx i -g serverless@3`

Image Dockerfile snippet with two npm install commands that could be combined



# Pause

# 04 Summary & more questions



## — 04 Summary & more questions

### Summary

- Knowing more over knowing everything
- Apply one principle at a time
- Measure the difference
- Stay in your learning zone
- Pause, review, re-orientate, but don't stop
- Enough is a decision



## — 04 Summary & more questions

### **A gentle warning**

- Tools to 'make things easier, earlier' do exist but use with caution
- They might not fit your use case
- They change approach or availability over time
- They hide the fundamental principle (learning) from you

Image with sepia warning overlay [Hay Bluff, Black mountains](#): Colin Park

## — 04 Summary & more questions

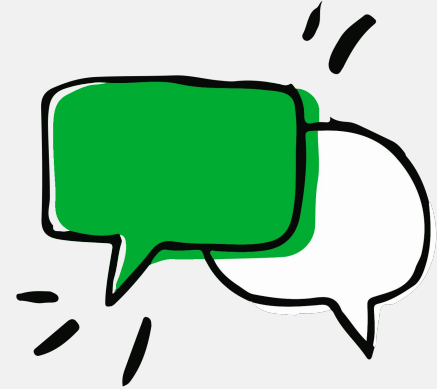
### **More questions?**

Is there value in this approach?

Where could you see yourself using this?

Where do you think it wouldn't work?

Anything else you want to ask?



— 04 Summary & more questions

## Further reading

Dockerfile reference

[Docker provided documentation](#)

Docker hub

[Docker's own image library](#)

Taking smaller steps

[Wellbeing research](#)

The learning zone model (Maxwell J Smith)

[Common library reference](#)

Improving performance in docker builds

[Medium article by Riccardo Albertazzi](#)



**Thank you for  
participating**

